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New energy rechargeable batteries have high attenuation rate

Various types of aqueous batteries emerged in the 1800s and 1900s (Table 1), quickly dominating the energy storage market until the invention of non-aqueous rechargeable Li-ion batteries in 1991 and rechargeable Na-ion batteries in more recent years [1].

In recent years, high-entropy methodologies have garnered significant attention in the field of energy-storage applications, particularly in rechargeable batteries. Specifically, they can impart materials with unique structures and customized properties, ...

The photo-ZIBs also demonstrate enhanced high-rate capabilities under illumination, as well as a capacity retention of ?90% over 1000 cycles. The proposed photo-ZIBs are considered a promising new technology for ...

Rechargeable lithium-ion batteries (LIBs) have become popular and pervasive as sustainable energy storage devices due to their long cycle life, high specific power, and energy density. 67 However, current LIBs have an energy density of less than 200 W h kg -1 or 600 W h L -1, which cannot meet the ever-increasing demands from many emerging applications, such ...

The concept of combining both catalysis and aqueous battery have been employed in the construction of the Zn-Mn hybrid aqueous battery with intriguingly high energy density [230], [231]. It is worth of future exploration of this strategy in expanding the voltage window and improving the overall performance of the aqueous battery system.

According to reports, the energy density of mainstream lithium iron phosphate (LiFePO 4) batteries is currently below 200 Wh kg -1, while that of ternary lithium-ion batteries ranges from 200 to 300 Wh kg -1 pared with the commercial lithium-ion battery with an energy density of 90 Wh kg -1, which was first achieved by SONY in 1991, the energy density ...

However, high concentration and electrolyte viscosity remarkably increase the cost and damage the rate capability of Zn rechargeable batteries. As an alternative to aqueous ones, a list of non-aqueous electrolytes, such as Acetonitrile (AN) [17, 18], Triethyl phosphate (TEP) [19], Trimethyl phosphate (TMP) [20, 21], Dimethyl sulphoxide (DMSO) [22, 23] and ...

Perovskite-based photo-batteries (PBs) have been developed as a promising combination of photovoltaic and electrochemical technology due to their cost-effective design and significant increase in solar-to-electric power ...

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Remarkably, lithium-ion batteries have remained the power system of choice for electronic devices, smart grids, and electric vehicles since their first commercialization by Sony Corporation around three decades ago [[1], [2], [3]]. The main advanced secondary batteries under development are based on monovalent cations (Li +, Na +, and K +). Attaining high energy ...

Achieving high-rate and durable aqueous rechargeable Zn-Ion batteries by enhancing the successive electrochemical conversion reactions ... studying and optimizing the electrochemical reactions of cathode materials may open a new door to improve aqueous battery performance, and it is of significant potential to broaden the selection spectrum of ...

Rechargeable zinc-air batteries (RZABs), with their superior theoretical energy density (about 1370 Wh kg -1 without oxygen), pose as a practical alternative for extensive energy storage [1, 2]. These batteries leverage the non-flammability of aqueous electrolytes and zinc's chemical stability [[3], [4], [5]], and offer an economical advantage due to the relatively lower cost of zinc ...

The third type is to directly use a bifunctional electrochemical energy storage material as a photoelectrode to construct a dual-electrode photo-rechargeable battery [16, 17]. Bifunctional electrochemical energy storage materials as the main components of the photoelectrodes, which can realize the light absorption, photogenerated carrier generation and participate in redox ...

High-entropy oxides (HEOs) have garnered significant attention within the realm of rechargeable batteries owing to their distinctive advantages, which encompass diverse structural attributes, customizable compositions, entropy-driven stabilization effects, and remarkable superionic conductivity. Despite the brilliance of HEOs in energy conversion and storage applications, ...

The appearance of multivalent rechargeable battery makes it possible to develop new energy storage system with high energy density. Declaration of Competing Interest The authors declare that they have no known competing financial interests or personal relationships that could influence the work reported in this paper.

An average working voltage of 1.15 V, remarkable rate capability, and an attractive energy density of 89.3 Wh kg -1 are achieved. Notably, the Prussian blue analogue ...

4 ???· High-entropy solutions have been developed as electrolytes for rechargeable batteries and have shown many intriguing phenomena, with one commonly observed phenomenon ...

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