

Are all-solid-state lithium batteries compatible with solid-state electrodes?

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Are high-voltage positive electrode materials suitable for sulfide all-solid-state lithium batteries?

Nature Communications 16, Article number: 112 (2025) Cite this article The application of high-voltage positive electrode materials in sulfide all-solid-state lithium batteries is hindered by the limited oxidation potential of sulfide-based solid-state electrolytes (SSEs).

Can solid-state electrolytes be used for lithium batteries?

In the past two decades, many kinds of solid electrolytes with high ionic conductivity ($\sigma > 1 \text{ mS cm}^{-1}$) have been obtained and some of them even possess ultrahigh Li^+ conductivities, surpassing conventional OLEs. However, the industrial-scale application of solid-state electrolytes to lithium batteries still faces great challenges.

What are solid-state lithium-ion batteries (SSLIBs)?

Enhancing energy density and safety in solid-state lithium-ion batteries through advanced electrolyte technology Solid-state lithium-ion batteries (SSLIBs) represent a critical evolution in energy storage technology, delivering significant improvements in energy density and safety compared to conventional liquid electrolyte systems.

Can sulfide solid electrolytes be used in all-solid-state lithium batteries?

In view of the fore-going, it is worthy to note that the use of sulfide solid electrolytes (SEs) in all-solid-state lithium batteries faces challenges, primarily due to interface mismatches with high-voltage cathodes, which restricts their application potential.

Which electrolyte is suitable for all-solid-state lithium ion batteries?

Park, K. H. et al. High-voltage superionic halide solid electrolytes for all-solid-state Li-ion batteries. ACS Energy Lett. 5, 533-539 (2020). Li, X. N. et al. Air-stable Li_3InCl_6 electrolyte with high voltage compatibility for all-solid-state batteries. Energy Environ. Sci. 12, 2665-2671 (2019).

1. Solid-state batteries (SSBs) could offer improved energy density and safety, but the evolution and degradation of electrode materials and interfaces within SSBs are distinct from ...

Lithium-Sulfur (Li-S) batteries have the potential to be the next-generation candidate energy storage systems to replace lithium-ion batteries due to the high theoretical specific capacity of the sulfur electrode (1672 mAh g^{-1}), high theoretical specific energy of the cell (2600 Wh kg^{-1}), and the relatively low cost of the active

materials. 1-6 Nevertheless, the ...

The solid-state lithium battery is expected to become the leading direction of the next generation of automotive power battery ... Unlocking the energy capabilities of Lithium metal electrode with solid-state electrolytes. *Joule*, 2 (9) (2018), pp. 1674-1689. View PDF View article View in Scopus Google Scholar [4]

It has the advantages of high efficiency and customization and is suitable for various solid-state batteries and energy storage devices. The solid-state reaction method is a widely established and frequently used technique for synthesizing sulfide SEs. However, several challenges are inherent to this approach.

All-solid-state lithium batteries are promising next-generation energy storage devices that have gained increasing attention in the past decades due to their huge potential towards higher energy density and safety. As a key component, solid electrolytes have also attracted significant attention and have experienced major breakthroughs, especially in terms ...

2 Results. In/(InLi) x electrodes were prepared using different methods and can be divided into three groups: 1) planar (i.e., foils), 2) powder, and 3) composite type. Figure 1 illustrates each preparation method. The lithium content was set at 35 at%, which is centrally located in the two-phase region In/(InLi) x . This ensures comparability across all preparation ...

In the development of all-solid-state lithium batteries (ASSLB), progress is made with solid-state electrolytes; however, challenges regarding compatibility and stability still exist with solid electrodes. These issues result in ...

Flexible solid-state lithium batteries (FSSLBs) are emerging as promising power sources for flexible and wearable electronics due to their high energy density and inherent safety. However, their wide application has been hindered by poor stability and significant interface resistance between the electrode and solid electrolyte (SE).

Solid state batteries (SSBs) are utilized an advantage in solving problems like the reduction in failure of battery superiority resulting from the charging and discharging cycles processing, the ability for flammability, the dissolution of the electrolyte, as well as mechanical properties, etc [8], [9]. For conventional batteries, Li-ion batteries are composed of liquid ...

However, lithium-ion transport and interface stability issues puzzle the construction of solid-state lithium batteries (SSLBs). Thus, developing fast-ionic conductors with high electrochemical performances and chemical stability is crucial to SSLBs.

An ideal positive electrode for all-solid-state Li batteries should be ionic conductive and compressible. However, this is not possible with state-of-the-art metal oxides.

All-solid-state lithium secondary batteries using a sulfide solid electrolyte and the amorphous MoS₃ electrode showed capacities higher than 670 mA h g⁻¹ for 60 cycles. The amorphous MoS₃ had a higher capacity ...

All-solid-state lithium batteries are promising next-generation energy storage devices that have gained increasing attention in the past decades due to their huge potential ...

All-solid-state batteries (ASSBs) are a promising response to the need for safety and high energy density of large-scale energy storage systems in challenging applications such as electric ...

A crucial element for the successful use of rechargeable SSLBs is solid electrolyte. In general, ideal SEs should possess the properties such as negligible electronic conductivity ($<10^{-10}$ S cm⁻¹) and high Li⁺ conductivity (>1 mS cm⁻¹) [6], good chemical compatibility with the electrodes, wide electrochemical stability window, excellent thermal ...

In comparison, solid-state lithium metal batteries (SSLMBs) ... [29, 30] to replace conventional lamellar battery electrodes, in which electrode materials are coated on planar metal foils. TCEs consist of a metal-coated textile and electrode materials coated on this porous metallic textile. The 3D metallic textile, acting as the current ...

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